



DUNCAN'S DAILY DRILL

Week 16



DDD #54- (1st / 3rd period)

Write sentences about the Kite Runner using the following gerund phrase: **flying the kite**. Place the gerund as directed. (choose 3)

1. Gerund as subject
2. Gerund as direct object
3. Gerund as predicate nominative
4. Gerund as object of the preposition

DDD #54- (1st / 3rd period)

1. Flying the kite was Amir's final act.
2. Amir enjoyed flying the kite.
3. Amir's best moment was flying the kite.
4. The story and Amir's redemption come full circle with flying the kite.

DDD #54- (4th period)

Fix the fragments and run-on sentences

1. Amir takes a pain pill and falls asleep when he wakes up Sohrab is gone.
2. The hotel manager is unhelpful. Implies that Amir is a bad father.
3. Amir starts to get desperate. Remembers Sohrab's fascination with the huge mosque.
4. Sohrab runs away, he is still unable to trust anyone. After he watched Amir get beaten for him.

DDD #54- (4th period)

Fix the fragments and run-on sentences

1. Amir takes a pain pill and falls asleep. When he wakes up, Sohrab is gone.
2. The hotel manager is unhelpful, and he implies that Amir is a bad father.
3. Amir starts to get desperate, but then he remembers Sohrab's fascination with the huge mosque.
4. Sohrab runs away because he is still unable to trust anyone, even after he watched Amir get beaten for him.

DDD #55- (1st / 3rd period)

Write sentences about the Kite Runner using the following participles and participial phrases:

1. broken
2. Wincing in pain
3. Laying in the hospital bed
4. Tired from the heat
5. smiling

DDD #55- (4th period)

Fix the fragments and run-on sentences

1. Rushed to the emergency room
2. Amir and Sohrab in San Francisco in August 2001.
3. Amir checks the string, he talks about Hassan then with the kite ready he asks Sohrab if he wants to fly it.
4. Amir and Sohrab sever the other kite's string, cutting it loose people cheer around them a brief smile appears on Sohrab's face.

Choose three to fix

DDD #56- connecting people

Choose the character from *The Kite Runner* that you can relate the most to and explain why. What connections can you make between this character and your own life?

DDD #57- coincidence or not

A **coincidence** is when two unlikely activities share similarities. For example, you and your friend meet at the mall and you are wearing the same shirt.

Coincidence is often confused with **situational irony**. Situational irony is when the end of a situation is VERY different than what you would expect. For example: Your hairdresser has really, really bad hair.

- You friend falls. You laugh at him. And then you fall.
- Your friend's father is a gardener, but all of the plants at your friend's house are dying.

Write 3 examples of coincidence and 3 examples of irony (these can be fictional).

DDD #58- your tone is affecting my mood

Tone and mood are different but often confused.

- Tone is the attitude that the writer or speaker is putting forth, especially towards an idea or topic.
- Mood is how you, the receiver, feels.

It is all about diction and syntax. What words do you use, and how do you use them?

1. Write a sentence where you convey a hopeful tone. (This is your attitude about something.)
2. Write a sentence wherein you want to make me feel hopeful about something. (This is how I am supposed to feel as the reader).