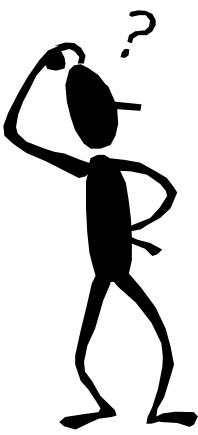
A word used to modify a verb, an adjective, or another adverb

- <u>Usually answers a question</u>
 - -How?
 - When?
 - Where?
 - To what extent?

-how often and how much



- Many adverbs are formed by adding *-ly* to the end of an adjective
 - weak + ly= **weakly**
 - possible + ly= **possibly**
 - formal + ly= **formally**
 - happy + ly= happily
- May appear before or after the verb it modifies
 - He <u>dressed</u> **formally** for the prom.
 - Where <u>are</u> you <u>going</u>?

- 1. Time- today, yesterday, daily, weekly, briefly, eternally
- 2. Place- here, there, nearby, yonder backward, forward
- 3. Manner- precisely, regularly, well, smoothly, badly
- 4. Degree- greatly, entirely, too

1. Positive form

Superman runs fast.

2. Comparative form- (-er or more) compares two things

Tarzan swings **better** than Superman.

3. Superlative form- (-est or most) compares three or more thingsBut I, Big Bird, fly the best of all.

• When modifying adjectives and other adverbs, usually tell to what extent something is true

- My sister is **mostly** a <u>pain</u>.
- He did a **very** <u>good</u> job.
- The fire department was **too** <u>late</u>.

examples: fast almost just already late too instead also quite back rather not often even SO far then most more